

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Version 8.3 Revision Date 19.01.2023 Print Date 19.01.2023

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Perchloric acid 70-72% for analysis

EMSURE® ACS, ISO, Reag. Ph Eur

Product Number : 1.00519 Catalogue No. : 100519 Brand : Millipore

UFI : 5210-46K9-W998-TSDX

REACH No. : This product is a mixture. REACH Registration Number see

section 3.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Reagent for analysis, Chemical production

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Merck Life Science UK Limited

New Road

The Old Brickyard GILLINGHAM

Dorset SP8 4XT

UNITED KINGDOM

Telephone : +44 (0)1747 833-000Fax : +44 (0)1747 833-313

E-mail address : TechnicalService@merckgroup.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : +44 (0)870 8200418 (CHEMTREC)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567

Oxidizing liquids (Category 1), H271 Corrosive to Metals (Category 1), H290 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Skin corrosion (Sub-category 1A), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), Thyroid, H373

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

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#### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567

Pictogram

Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

H290 May be corrosive to metals. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Thyroid) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel

unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

none

Reduced Labeling (<= 125 ml)

Pictogram



Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

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none

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#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Component		Classification	Concentration
Perchloric acid			
CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	7601-90-3 231-512-4 017-006-00-4 01-2120066865-44- XXXX	Ox. Liq. 1; Met. Corr. 1; Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1A; Eye Dam. 1; STOT RE 2; H271, H290, H302, H314, H318, H373 Concentration limits: >= 50 %: Skin Corr. 1A, H314; 10 - < 50 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; 1 - < 10 %: Skin Irrit. 2, H315; 1 - < 10 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319; > 50 %: Ox. Liq. 1, H271; <= 50 %: Ox. Liq. 2, H272; 1 - 50 %: Ox. Liq. 2, H272;	>= 70 - < 90 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### **General advice**

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

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### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not combustible.

Fire may cause evolution of:

Hydrogen chloride gas

Has a fire-promoting effect due to release of oxygen.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### 5.4 Further information

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

## Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

### **Hygiene measures**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

No metal or light-weight-metal containers. No metal containers.

Tightly closed. Separately or together with other oxidising substances only and away from sources of ignition and heat. Because of their oxidation potential these products can raise the burning rate of combustible substances substantially or ignite combustible substances on contact with them.

Recommended storage temperature see product label.

#### Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 5.1A: Strongly oxidizing hazardous materials

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

## Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: butvl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Latex gloves

Minimum layer thickness: 0.6 mm Break through time: 240 min

Material tested:Lapren® (KCL 706 / Aldrich Z677558, Size M)

MERCK

#### **Body Protection**

protective clothing

#### **Respiratory protection**

Recommended Filter type: Filter type B

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

### **Control of environmental exposure**

Do not let product enter drains.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Physical state liquidb) Color colorlessc) Odor odorless

d) Melting Melting point: -18 °C point/freezing point

e) Initial boiling point 198.7 °C at 1,013 hPa and boiling range

f) Flammability (solid, No data available gas)

g) Upper/lower No data available flammability or explosive limits

h) Flash point Not applicablei) Autoignition temperature

j) Decomposition No data available temperature

k) pH at 20 °C strongly acid

I) Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

m) Water solubility at 20 °C solublen) Partition coefficient: No data available n-octanol/water

o) Vapor pressure No data available
 p) Density 1.68 g/cm3 at 20 °C
 Relative density No data available
 q) Relative vapor No data available

density

No data available

r) Particle No data available characteristics

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s) Explosive properties Not classified as explosive.

t) Oxidizing properties  $\;\;$  The substance or mixture is classified as oxidizing with the

category 1.

### 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

Explosive

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:

semimetals

Antimony oxide

Metals

Hydrogen

**Impurities** 

organic combustible substances

acetic acid

Halogenated hydrocarbon

Hydrogen halides

Fluorine

Ether

sulfoxides

metallic oxides

**Alcohols** 

acetonitrile

Lead oxides

Hydrogen chloride gas

chromium(VI) oxide

dimethyl sulfoxide

Iron

ferric oxide

Acetic anhydride

ethanol

glycerol

Methanol

dichloromethane

phenol

phosphine

Oxides of phosphorus

pyridine

Reducing agents

sulfuric acid

Sulfur trioxide

Halogenated compounds

iron/iron-containing compounds

Mild steel

carbon

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Nitric acid

with

Organic Substances

Acetylene

with

Formaldehyde

acetic acid

with

Acetic anhydride

sulfuric acid

with

**Organic Substances** 

Exothermic reaction with:

Ketones

phosphides

Bases

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:

hydrogen iodide

anilines

with

Formaldehyde

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no information available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber, Light metals, Metals, fatsMetals

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Mixture

#### **Acute toxicity**

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 1,572 mg/kg

(Calculation method)

Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach.

Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of

respiratory tract

Dermal: No data available

**Skin corrosion/irritation**Remarks: Mixture causes severe burns.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes serious eye damage.

Risk of blindness!

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

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#### Carcinogenicity

No data available

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Mixture may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Thyroid

#### Aspiration hazard

No data available

#### 11.2 Additional Information

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain

components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### **Components**

#### Perchloric acid

### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 1,100 mg/kg Remarks: Behavioral:Excitement. Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea.

Nutritional and Gross Metabolic: Changes in: Body temperature decrease.

(RTECS)

Inhalation: No data available Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Corrosive

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Result: negative **Carcinogenicity** 

No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Thyroid

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Mixture**

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Forms toxic and corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted.

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Components

#### Perchloric acid

Toxicity to fish flow-through test EC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Blueqill sunfish)

- 1,470 mg/l - 96 h

(US-EPA)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances:

Sodium perchlorate monohydrate

Toxicity to daphnia  $\,$  static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 100 mg/l -

and other aquatic 48 h

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invertebrates (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green

algae) - > 435.7 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances:

Sodium perchlorate

Toxicity to bacteria static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 1,000 mg/l - 3 h

(ISO 8192)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances:

Sodium perchlorate

Toxicity to semi-static test NOEC - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 10 mg/l - 12

fish(Chronic toxicity) Weeks

(OECD Test Guideline 215)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances:

Ammonium perchlorate

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself. See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions. Notice Directive on waste 2008/98/EC.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1873 IMDG: 1873 IATA: 1873

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: PERCHLORIC ACID IMDG: PERCHLORIC ACID IATA: Perchloric acid

Passenger Aircraft: Not permitted for transport

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 5.1 (8) IMDG: 5.1 (8) IATA: 5.1 (8)

**14.4 Packaging group** 

ADR/RID: I IMDG: I IATA: I

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

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Tunnel restriction code : (B/E)

Further information : No data available

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

#### **National legislation**

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European : OXIDISING LIQUIDS AND SOLIDS Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

#### Other regulations

Observe work restrictions regarding maternity protection in accordance to Dir 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations where applicable.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs (/\$/*_2ORGAN_REPEAT/\$/) through
	prolonged or repeated exposure.

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#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM -American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. -Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS -Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Classification of t	he mixture	Classification procedure:	
Ox. Liq.1	H271	Based on product data or assessment	
Met. Corr.1	H290	Based on product data or assessment	
Acute Tox.4	H302	Calculation method	
Skin Corr.1A	H314	Calculation method	
Eye Dam.1	H318	Calculation method	
STOT RE2	H373	Calculation method	

### **Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See

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